The full extent of schistosomiasis in Equatorial Guinea remains unknown due to lack of mapping research efforts [1]. Schistosoma intercalatum was described as being widespread in Equatorial Guinea in 1989, and Schistosoma guineensis (genetically differentiated from closely related S. intercalatum, indicating that the newly described species was previously misidentified [2]) is currently reported in the area of Bata [3,1]. S. guineensis is transmitted via the snail intermediate host of the species Bulinus forskalii [1].

References

1. IAMAT. World Schistosomiasis Risk Chart. 2015;1-5.